



give your power the digital advantage

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Primarion Confidential

True digital solutions simplify full featured cost effective buck converters

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Agenda

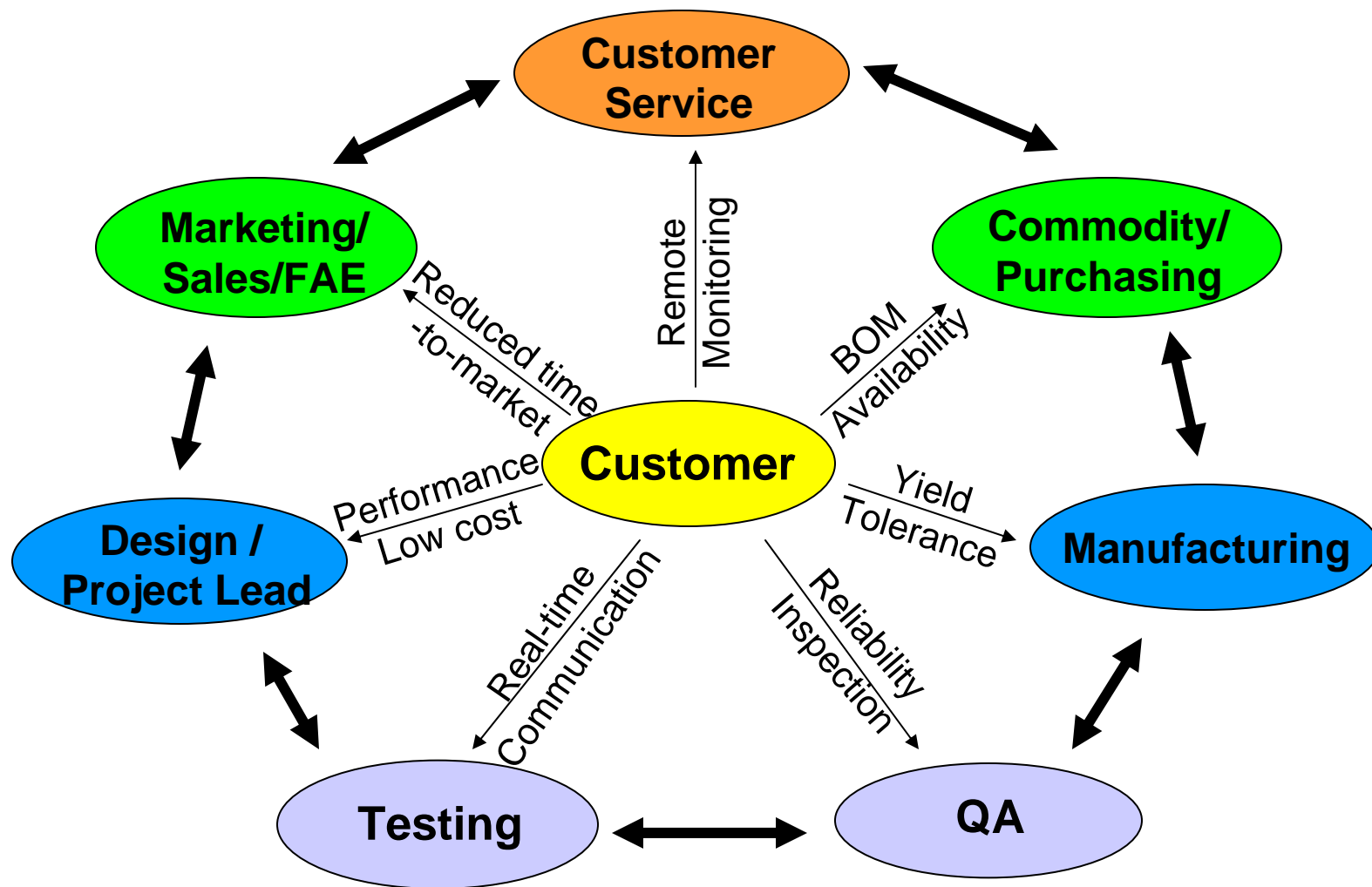
- Changing the power management ecosystem
- Misconceptions about Digital Power
- System power management requirements
- Advantages of Digital Power
- Di-POL™ PX7510 & PX7520 Integrated Power ICs
- System implementation approaches
- Summary

Changing the Power Management Ecosystem

- ***Going Digital***

- We would not do justice just comparing technical differences between Digital & Analog Solutions
- Question is not only “ can Digital do it better than analog” but “what are the possibilities beyond power conversion and management”?

Digital Power Management Ecosystem



Misconceptions about Digital Power

- ***Digital Introduces too much complexity***
 - **Not true**
 - Analog solutions involve multiple layers to deal with power conversion, communications interface and management. Digital solutions compress all layers into single chip to simplify the design.
 - Programming doesn't mean coding but simply dealing with a wizard driver GUI to get all system-level benefits.
- ***Digital is Cost-Prohibitive***
 - **Not true**
 - Delivers lower BOM cost compared to existing analog solutions where system communications and multi-rails required.
 - **Eliminates expensive additional sequencer/Power Manager ICs.**
- ***Not field proven***
 - **Not true**
 - Primarion® alone has millions of digital controllers in the field via major OEM systems with zero field failures.

What is DPM?

- Digital implementation of traditional analog functions into a dense mixed signal CMOS digital control device
- DPM takes advantage of high volume, low cost standard CMOS process technology to deliver a cost effective VR solution
- DPM extends monitoring and control capabilities through a serial link to the power supply, processor, and other system components
- DPM design is made simple and flexible through a suite of “user friendly” software tools

Digital Trends for Power Management

- I2C communication bus definition - ex. PMBus™
- Each CMOS process improvement step can give 2x real-estate reduction
- Functionality doubles at approximately same cost
- Future digital power management will take advantage of low cost high volume CMOS process
- System costs with digital power management will continue downward

System Power Management Requirements

- System power management complexity continues to increase
 - Up to 16 POL modules on system board required in various applications.
 - Timing, delays, sequencing, tracking, hot swap functionality
- Optimized power consumption at system level
 - Idle modes- Management of power to meet Green Power requirements
- Need for seamless interaction with the system CPU
 - Communication of faults to system
 - Fault reporting of each power device
 - Communication with other power devices and load IC
 - Reporting of voltage, power, current, temperature parameters to system
- Diagnostics- Anticipation of faults, monitoring and correcting parameter drifts
- High Transient load environments- smaller windows of deviation

Analog and Digital Difference?

- Today's PWM controllers:
 - First process signals in the analog domain and then process PWM logic in the digital domain.
 - Process internal information externally by digitizing signals with another device or add on digital wrappers
 - Increased solution cost
- True digital controllers:
 - Convert signals immediately into the digital domain
 - The digitized signals are placed into registers
 - All subsequent signal processing is done digitally
 - Information can be directly communicated to the system
 - Lower solution cost

Digital Power Management

Since all information is digitized:

- One can multiply, divide, filter, compensate, compare, calibrate, store and communicate each piece of information
- I2C flexibility built in- PMBus™, SST, Future Bus choices easily adapted
- Specific algorithms define total functionality for power device
- Asynchronous and non-linear control loop algorithms can be easily implemented for optimal fast transient response or advance functions
- Digital power management can enable system communication and control of power delivery to the load IC

True Digital implementation

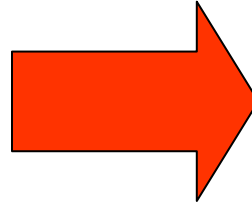
- Provides design ***Flexibility***
 - Compensation can be optimized for each rail's capacitance and inductance
 - All design parameters are programmable
 - No discrete components for design implementation
 - Component calibration and drift monitoring
- Provides ***Personalization*** for each power stage
 - Each rail can be uniquely defined for its requirements
 - One chip can provide multi-faceted design options
 - Full telemetry of power stage is available to system
 - Full custom programmability with one standard part

Driving the Conversion to Digital Control

- Change the adoption question for customers . . .

From :

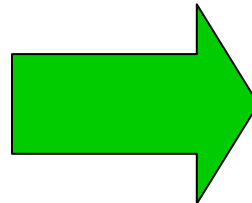
- What premium will you pay for the system advantages of Digital ?



Slow, Selective Conversion

To :

- For the same solution cost as Analog, why not realize the system benefits of Digital ?



Rapid, Mainstream Conversion

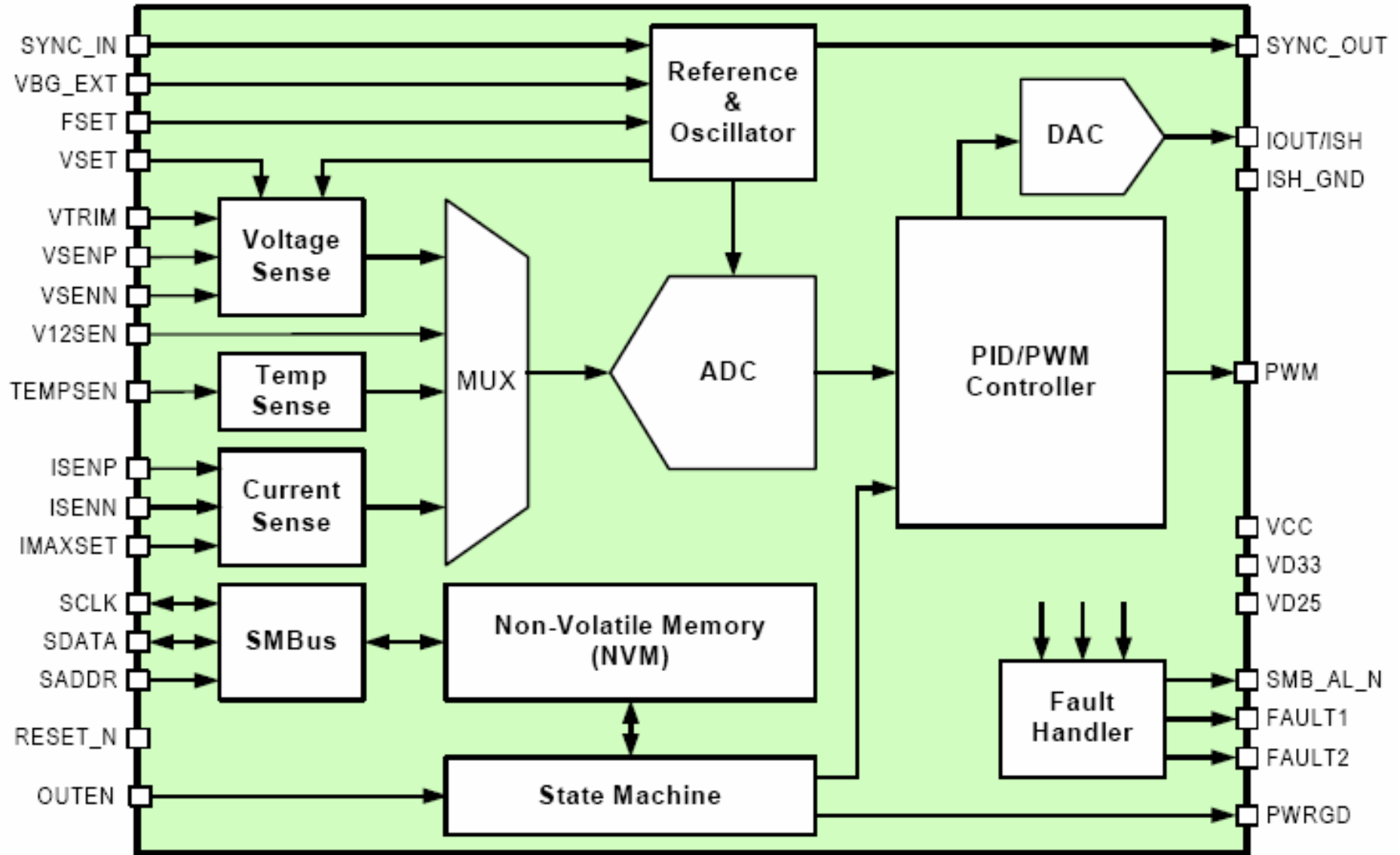
Di-POL™ Product Family

Di-POL = Digital integrated Point of Load

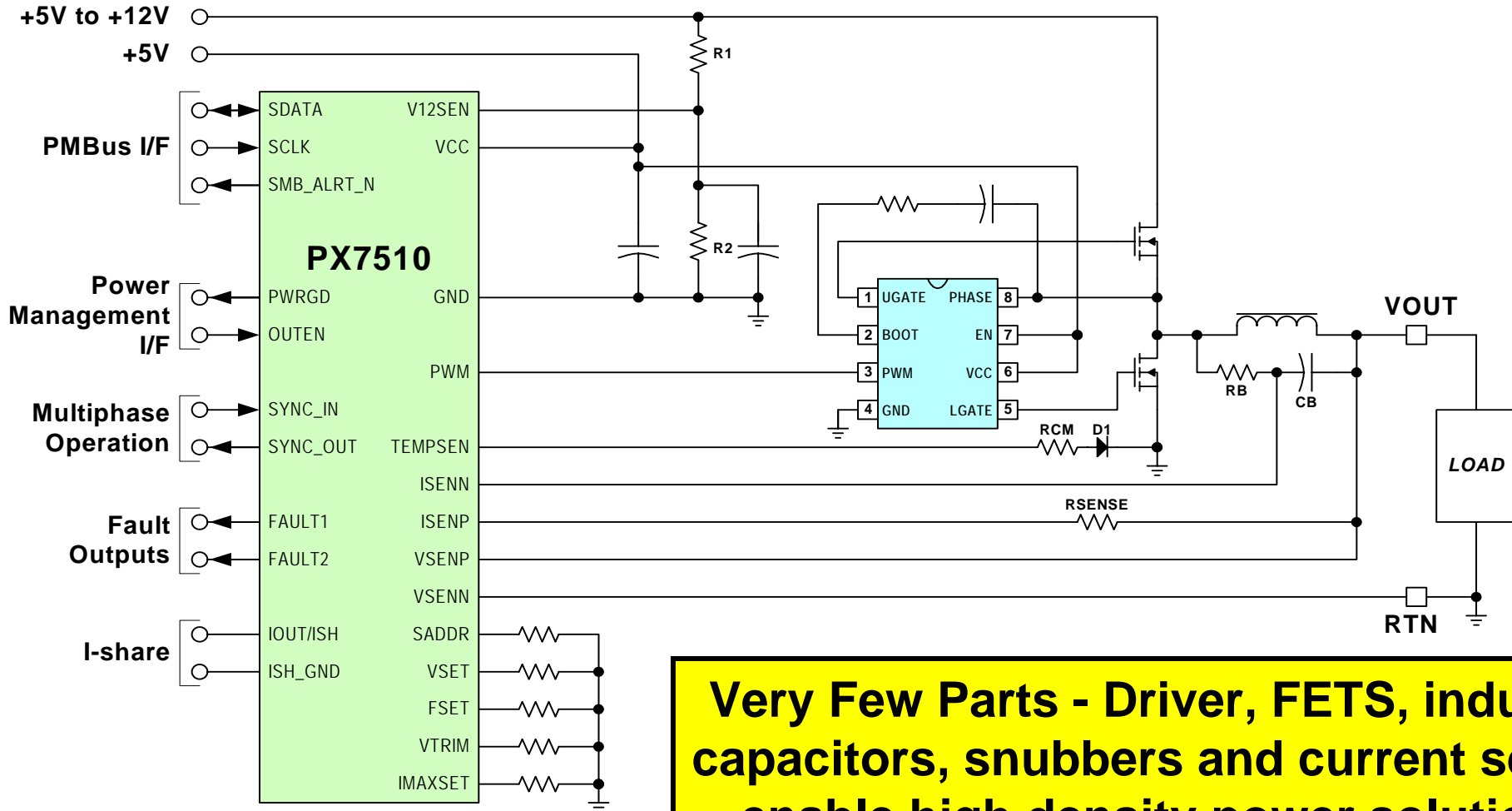
- All-digital, low-cost POL power IC with On-Chip NVM:
 - Single chip delivering power conversion + power management
 - Programmability for total flexibility - configure key power supply parameters
 - PMBus™ compliance and broad support
 - Competitive pricing compared with analog solutions
- **PX7510** single-phase controller
- **PX7520** dual-phase controller – increased power, multi-phase support

Di-POL™ PX7510

Functional Block Diagram



Basic Buck Circuit Block



Very Few Parts - Driver, FETS, inductor capacitors, snubbers and current sense: enable high density power solutions

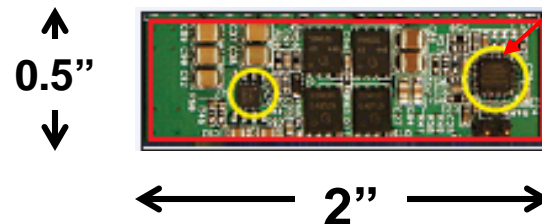
PMBus™ Compliant 30A POL Solution

- **PMBus™ serial interface**

- Query V, I, T telemetry & faults
- Tracking, sequencing and margining
- Override hardwired settings
- Fault levels and responses

- **Di-POL PX7510**

- Single 5V supply
- 150 KHz to 2Mhz switching
- On-chip NVM
- Digital Control Loop
- Auto calibration upon startup
- Frequency Synchronization
- Current Sharing



- **Programmable Fault Management**

- Output under/over-voltage
- Output over-current
- Input under/over-voltage
- Temperature fault & warning
- Communication

- **Telemetry (Reads)**

- Voltage, Current, Temperature
- Duty Cycle, Frequency
- PMBus revision
- MFR ID, Model, Rev, Location

Di-POL™ PX75xx Software GUI

Focus on “Ease of Use” & Flexibility

Configuration Wizard

Input system parameters: Vout, Scale Factor, # phases, bus address etc by rail

Tracking & Sequence Control

Input ton delay & rise, toff mode, delay & fall time. Graph V vs. time by POL

Loop Optimization

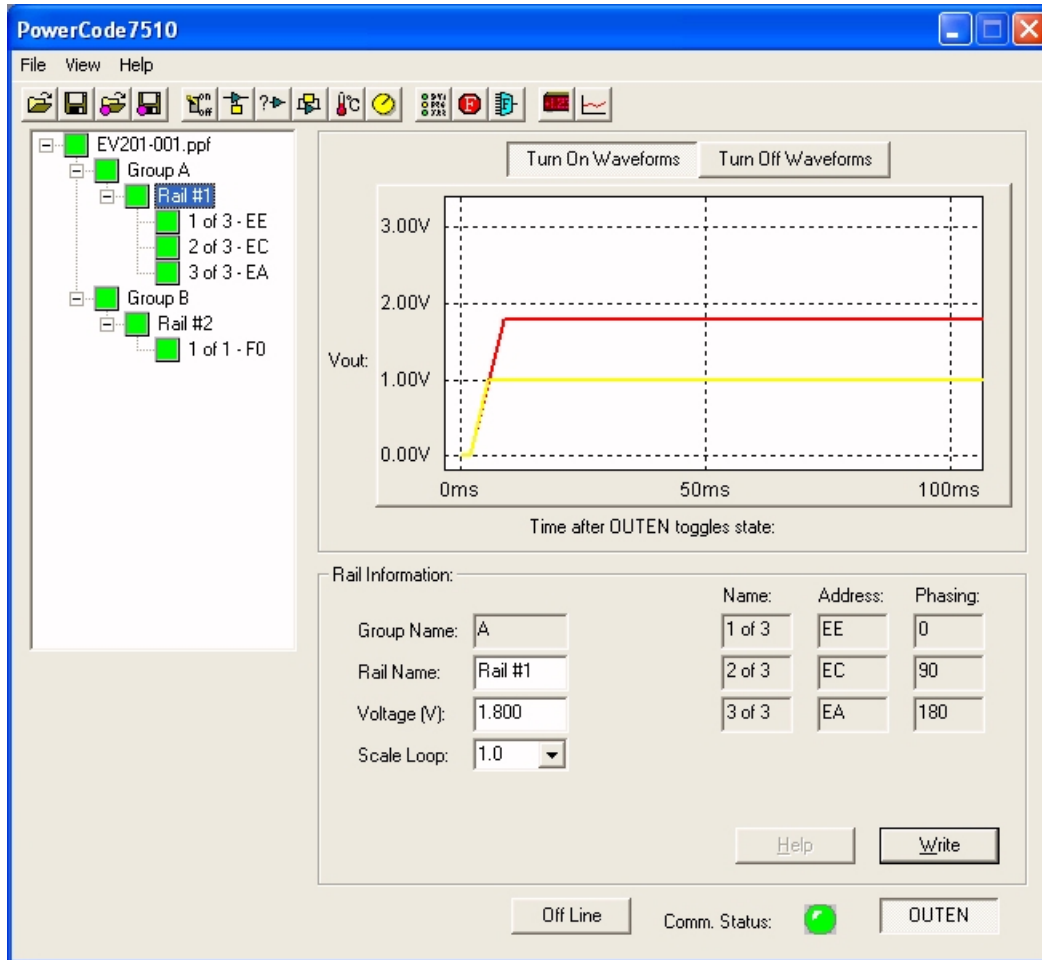
Input Fswitch, L & C, load model BW, Gain & Phase Margin optimizer
Graph Gain & Phase vs. Freq

Fault, Configuration & Telemetry

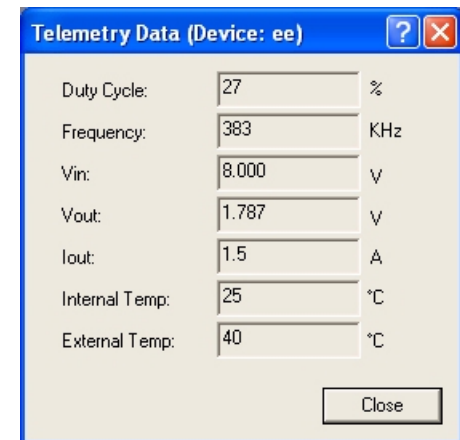
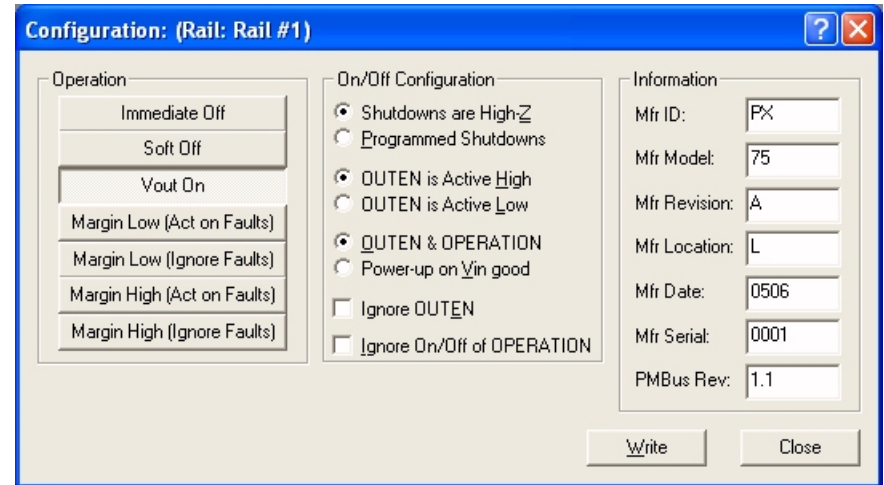
Set System Faults & Behavior
Temp, Current sense etc settings
Readout V, I, Fault status

PowerCode GUI

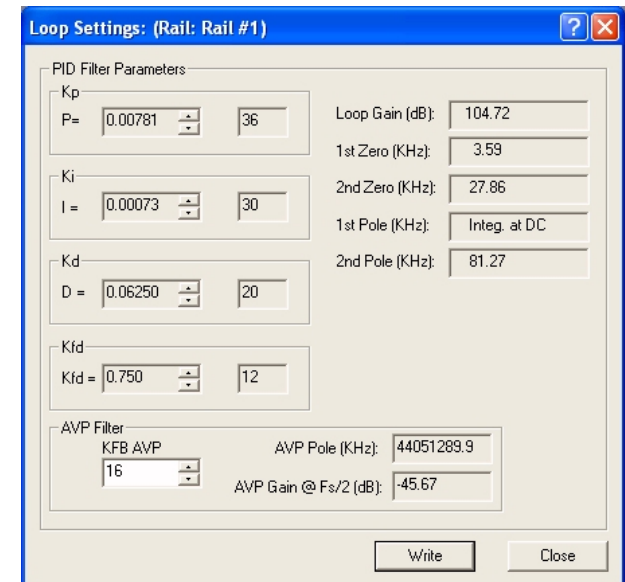
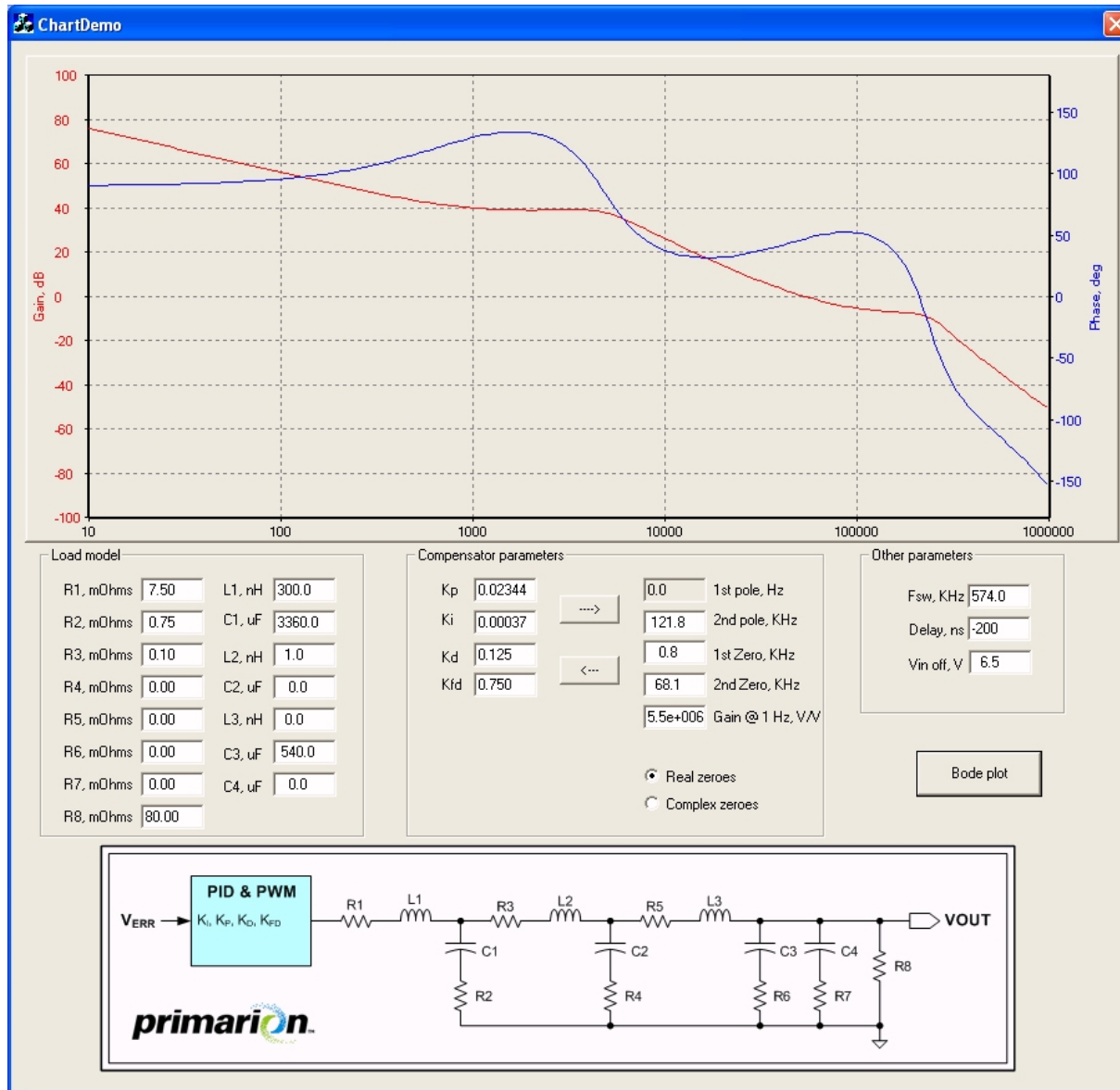
Main Page



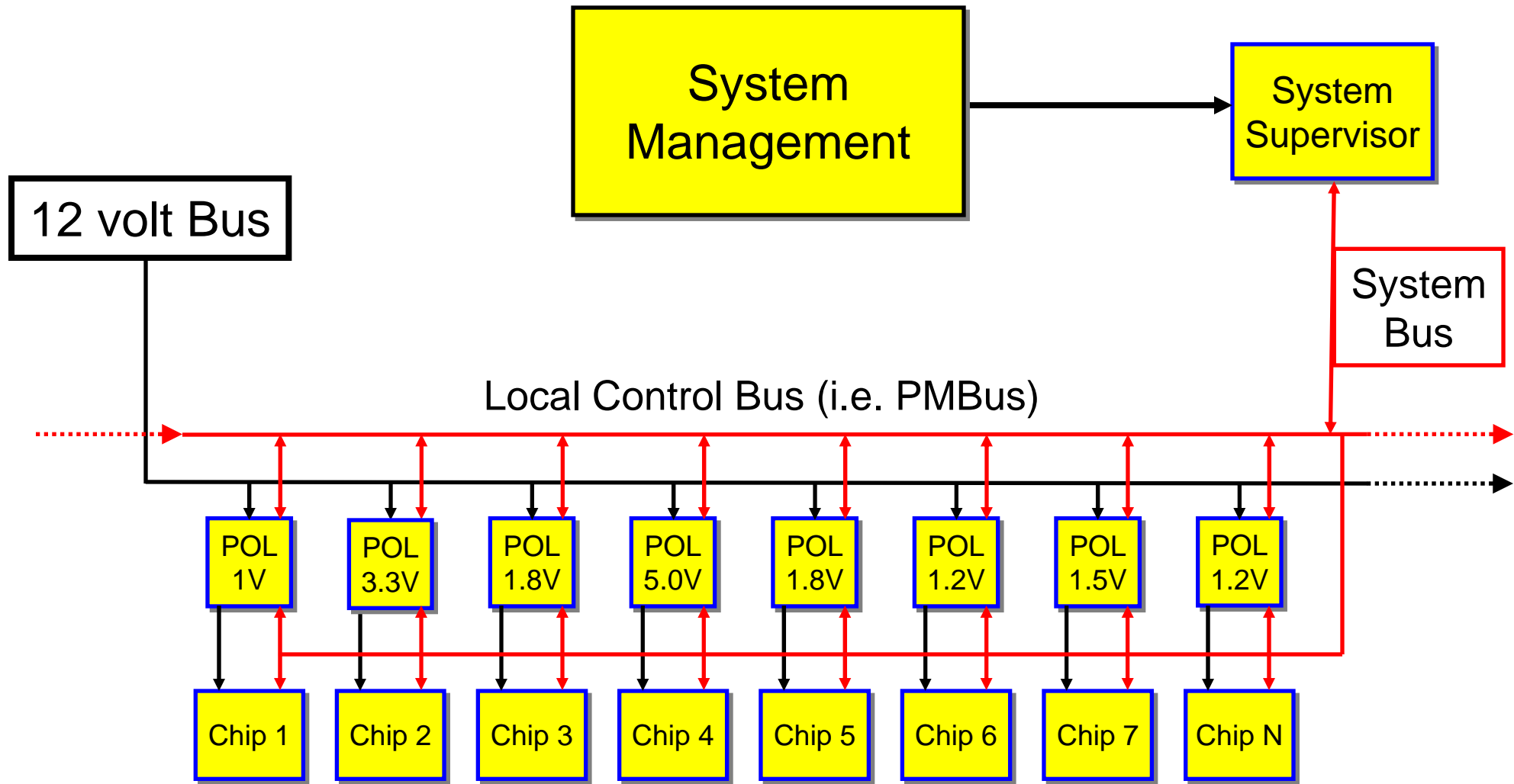
Real-time Telemetry and Easy-to-Use Pop-Up Windows



Loop Simulation Tool and Stability Optimization



System Implementation



Digital Systems Tomorrow

Summary

- True Digital Solutions for today's Computing & Communications Systems offer many advantages not available economically with traditional analog solutions
- There are Digital solutions which are simple, easier to implement and already field proven
- Digital power management has the scalability and flexibility to innovate future system solutions